



Instruction Manual

The IRB-MON2 thru beam infrared photoeye is an external entrapment protection device type B1, non-contact sensor for use with automatic gates and doors. The photoeye provides a signal to the gate or door operator that the beam is, or is not obstructed. It operates up to 115 feet over a wide range of input voltages (6-35 VDC and 12-24 VAC). The receiver green alignment indicator provides status information, making set-up and alignment easy. The IRB-MON2 provides compatibility with most operators that accommodate monitored external entrapment devices per UL325.

Cautions and Warnings



This product is an accessory or part of a system. Install the IRB-MON2 according to instructions from the gate or door operator manufacturer. Comply with all applicable codes and safety regulations.

Specifications

Operating Range	5 to 115 ft (35 m)		
Power	6-35 VDC, 12-24 VAC		
Current (NC and 10K Monitoring Methods)	35 mA DC (when aligned and relay activated)		
Current (Pulse Monitoring Methods)	15 mA		
Connections	"Removable" screw terminal for easy wiring		
Supported Monitoring Methods	10K, 2-wire pulse, Normally Closed (power cycle)		
Relay Output Configuration	Form C contacts (NO, COM, NC)		
Response Time	<300 mS (for use in NC or 10K monitoring)		
Operating Temperature	-40° to 170°F (-40° to 77°C)		
Dimensions (L x W x H)	3.6" (91 mm) x 2.9" (74 mm) x 2.9" (74 mm)		
Conduit Hole Size (bottom of the housing)	½ Inch NPT		

Ordering Information

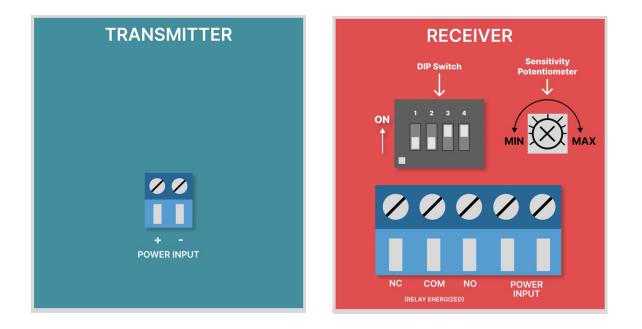
• IRB-MON2-HD – Gray powder-coated metal protective hoods

Monitoring Methods

UL325 requires continuous monitoring of all safety devices connected to gate and door operators. Consult the gate or door operator manufacturer's instruction manual for necessary monitoring method.

- **Normally Closed** (Wiring Diagram A): The operator cycles power to the transmitter while monitoring the receiver N.C. (Normally closed) contacts for proper operation
- **10K Resistive Termination** (Wiring Diagram B): Provides a measurable 10K ohm resistance across the N.O. (normally open) relay when unobstructed and in Fail Safe mode
- **Two-Wire Pulse, 2 Frequency** (Wiring Diagram C): Provides 300Hz "heartbeat" unobstructed, 0Hz obstructed over the receiver input power supply lines
- **Two-Wire Pulse, 3 Frequency** (Wiring Diagram D): Provides 300Hz "heartbeat" unobstructed, 2Hz obstructed, and 0Hz when failure is detected, over the receiver input power supply lines

Board Diagram

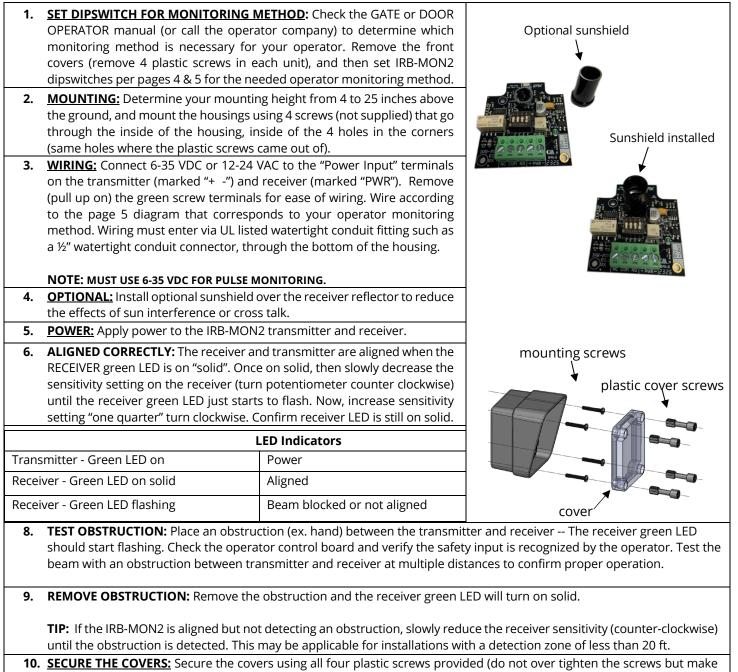


Sensitivity Potentiometer

Clockwise is maximum sensitivity Counter-clockwise is minimum sensitivity

Installation

- Determine the IRB-MON2 mounting location (4-25 inches above the ground).
- Deactivate the gate or door during photoeye installation.
- The IRB-MON2 cannot be used for a detection range of less than 5 feet.

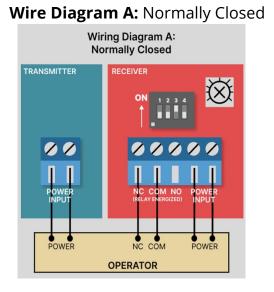


them snug). Done!

Monitoring Method	Wiring Diagram	DIP Switch Settings			ıgs	Output Connections	10K State
methou	Diagraffi	SW1	SW2	SW3	SW4	Connections	JIALE
Normally Closed	A	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	NC, COM	10K DISABLED
10K Resistive Termination	В	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	NO, COM	10K ENABLED
Two-Wire Pulse (2 Frequency: 300Hz, 0Hz)	С	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	DC POWER	N/A
Two-Wire Pulse (3 Frequency: 300Hz, 2Hz, 0Hz)	D	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	DC POWER	N/A

- <u>FAIL SAFE (Wiring Diagram A or B)</u> Most common monitoring method Gate opens with loss of power DIP switches shown as in the table above for monitored "Normally Closed" or "10K Resistive Termination". The relay will change state during a loss of power (N.C. will open, and N.O. will close).
 NOTE: Use this mode in all normal operations and UL325 monitoring scenarios.
- FAIL SECURE (Wiring Diagram A or B) Less common monitoring method, Gate closes/secures with loss of power To achieve Fail Secure for either "Normally Closed" or "10K resistive termination", configure dipswitches <u>the same</u> as shown in the above table <u>"EXCEPT" SW1 needs to be</u> ON. The relay will function opposite what is written on the PCB. When powered on and aligned the N.O. relay will be closed, and the N.C. contact will be open. The relay WILL NOT change states during loss of power so the gate stays closed during power loss (N.O. will close, and N.C. will open).
- <u>Two-Wire Pulse Monitoring (Wiring Diagram C or D)</u> Must use 6-35 VDC (can't use AC power in two-wire pulse mode) and requires a compatible operator board with the current limiting circuitry.

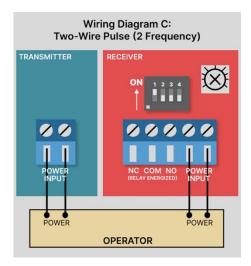
Note: If using the IRB-MON in an application that requires Normally Open, but does not require a 10K resistor across the normally open contact then wire according to diagram B with dispswitch SW4 set to OFF.



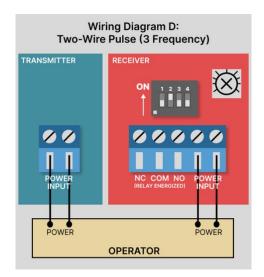
Wiring Diagram B: 10K Resistive Termination*

*If you need a normally open relay, but without a 10K resistor then set Dipswitch 4 to OFF. This is a non-monitored method.

Wiring Diagram C: Two-Wire Pulse (2 Frequency)



Wiring Diagram D: Two-Wire Pulse (3 Frequency)



Troubleshooting

Symptom	Possible Cause	Solution	
Does not detect obstruction	Sensitivity is too high	Decrease sensitivity potentiometer counter- clockwise	
	Signal is reflecting off another surface	Check area for highly reflective surfaces	
Receiver green LED flashes continuously, indicating an obstruction when one is not	Sensitivity is too low	Increase sensitivity potentiometer clockwise	
present	Transmitter does not have power	Check power source of transmitter	
	Receiver does not "see" transmitter	Make sure transmitter and receiver are aligned	
Receiver activates but does not transmit signal to operator	Faulty connection between receiver and operator control input	Verify all wires and terminal connections	
Receiver green LED off	Transmitter too close to receiver	Decrease sensitivity (potentiometer counter- clockwise)	
		Increase distance between transmitter and receiver	
Output relay chatters constantly between open and close	All 4 DIP switches are in the OFF position	Operator expects Diagram C or D but dipswitches are configured according to Diagram A or B on page 4	

Warranty

EMX Industries, Inc. products have a warranty against defects in materials and workmanship for a period of two years from the date of sale to our customer.